

AlNi-Wave

AlN / Al₂O₃ photonic platform for the blue/UV spectral range

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1 Motivation

- Increasing the number of qubits to widen the application scope of quantum computers
- Manipulating qubits in **ion trap based quantum computers** requires precise alignment of different lasers to ions
- Free space optics: not scalable, limited to 10 to 100 light-ion interaction zones
 - Large volumes required
 - Difficult to integrate into cryostats
 - Needs realignment
- Solution via **integrated photonics**: fiber array coupling, light splitting and routing on-chip
- Requires highly efficient waveguides from infrared until 370 nm (UV): few choices exist
- Aluminum nitride (AlN) and aluminium oxide (Al₂O₃) are promising candidates
- In *AlNi-Wave* we are aiming for the **best AlN waveguides with Al₂O₃ cladding** which can also benefit from the 2nd order nonlinear optical coefficient of AlN

2 Innovation

Fraunhofer IAF

- Sputtered AlN with excellent quality (lowest oxygen levels, epitaxial growth on suitable substrates, highest crystalline quality)
- "Influence of growth temperature on the properties of aluminum nitride thin films prepared by magnetron sputter epitaxy", *J. Appl. Phys.* 134, 185107 (2023)

AMO GmbH

- Made waveguides with AlN from Fraunhofer IAF, achieving record low propagation loss in telecom spectrum (polycrystalline AlN on SiO₂, no cladding)
- "Sputtered aluminum nitride waveguides for the telecommunication spectrum with less than 0.16 dB/cm propagation loss", *Opt. Express* 32(26), 46522 (2024)

AlNi-Wave goals

Optimize AlN growth & waveguide process

- For lowest propagation losses in the visible to blue/UV spectrum
- For epitaxial growth on sapphire
- With Al₂O₃ cladding
- With surface roughness <0.3 nm (RMS)

Target waveguide propagation loss <3dB/cm at 397 nm wavelength

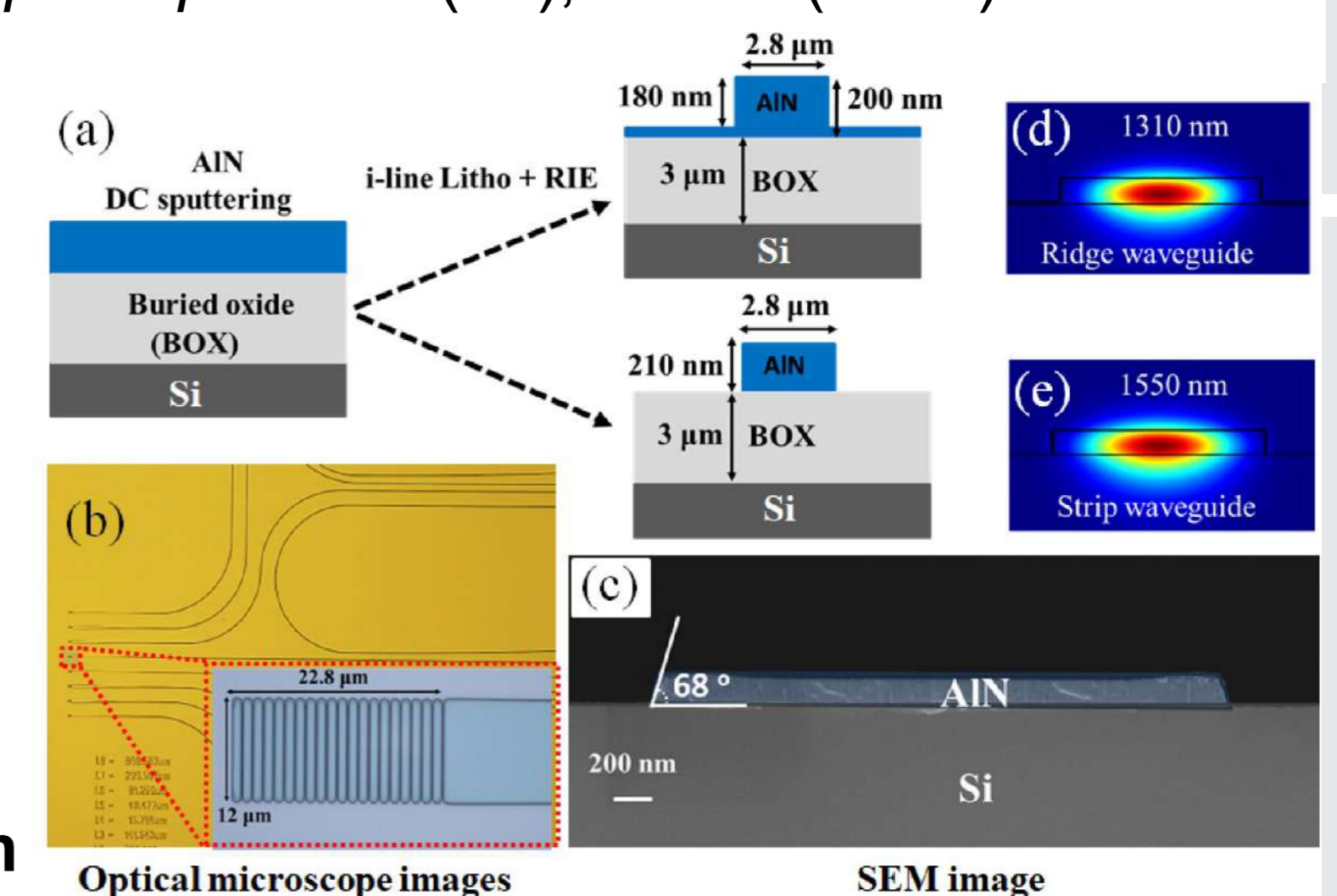


Fig. 1. (a) AlN waveguide fabrication process flow, resulting in two different waveguide cross sections. (b) Optical image of the fabricated grating coupler and waveguides. (c) Representative cross-sectional SEM image. (d) and (e) represent the mode profile of the TE₀ mode for the Ridge waveguide at 1310 nm and the Strip waveguide at 1550 nm, respectively.

3 Future performance profile & skills of the project partners

PTB

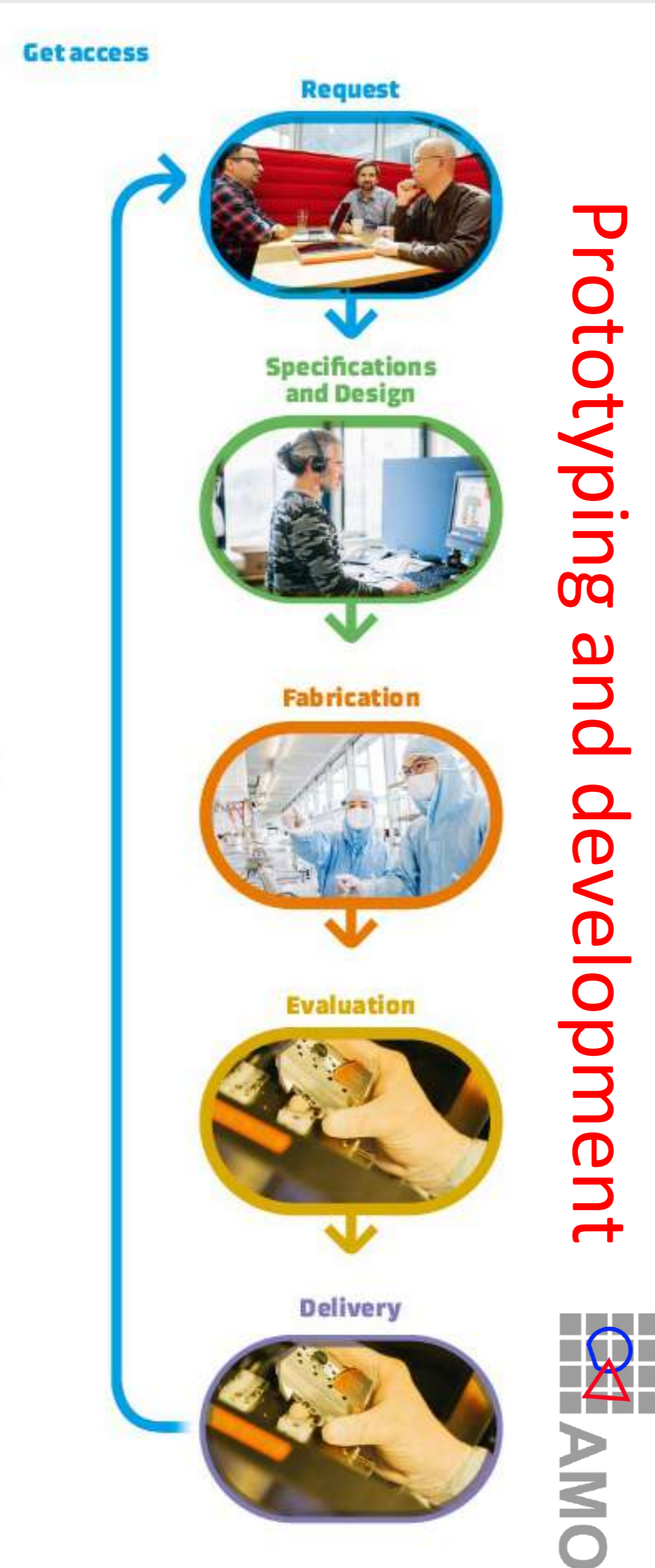
Simulating, designing and preparing integrated photonics for use in **follow-up R&D projects** on realizing ion trap based quantum computers.

AMO GmbH

New process as a building block for contract research via the AMO Services and research projects: low loss waveguides for the blue/UV spectrum have various applications beyond ion trap based quantum computing → see Prospects

Fraunhofer IAF

Participating in **R&D projects** and future **commercial offering** of optimized AlN wafers.



4 Prospects

- Our work may yield the **best AlN waveguides** → use in **follow-up projects** for ion trap based quantum computers
- Startup **Qudora** as associated partner
 - Consider our planned waveguide configuration as one of the most promising for Ion Trap based Quantum Computers
 - Aiming for 10 – 30% market share in ion trap based quantum computers by 2030
- **Further applications** of our waveguides:
 - Ultra-fast Pockels-modulators or switches for telecommunication or light routing
 - Biosensing and spectroscopy with blue/UV fluorescence excitation
 - Optics for augmented reality
 - Higher harmonic generation